## Water and $X$

|  | Cp solid <br> $\left(\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Cp <br> liquid <br> $\left(\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Cp gas <br> $\left(\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Heat of <br> fusion <br> $(\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g})$ | Heat of <br> vaporization <br> $(\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{g})$ | MP <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | BP <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 210 | 1800 | -30 | 70 |
| Water | 2.06 | 4.18 | 2.02 | 334 | 2260 | 0 | 100 |

1. If a 28 g sample of water absorbs 1230 J of heat when warming from $34^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, what is its final temperature?
2. A piece of metal weighing 61 g at $98.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is put it into 100.0 mL of water (initially at $24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). The water reached a final temperature of $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Calculate the specific heat of the metal.
3. A sample of X weighing 20 g is at $65.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ when it is dumped into 40 ml of water (initially at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). Find the final temperature.
4. How much energy is needed to vaporize 25 g of water?
5. How much energy does it take to warm 12 g of ice at $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?
6. Draw the heating curve for $\# 5$.
7. 80 g of ice is at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. How much energy is needed to warm it to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?
8. How much water can be vaporized with 30 kJ of energy?
9. How much X can be vaporized with 30 kJ of energy?
10. What amount of energy is needed to warm 100 g of X from $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?
